



MINISTRY OF NATURAL RESOURCES AND ENVIRONMENT
DEPARTMENT OF CLIMATE CHANGE

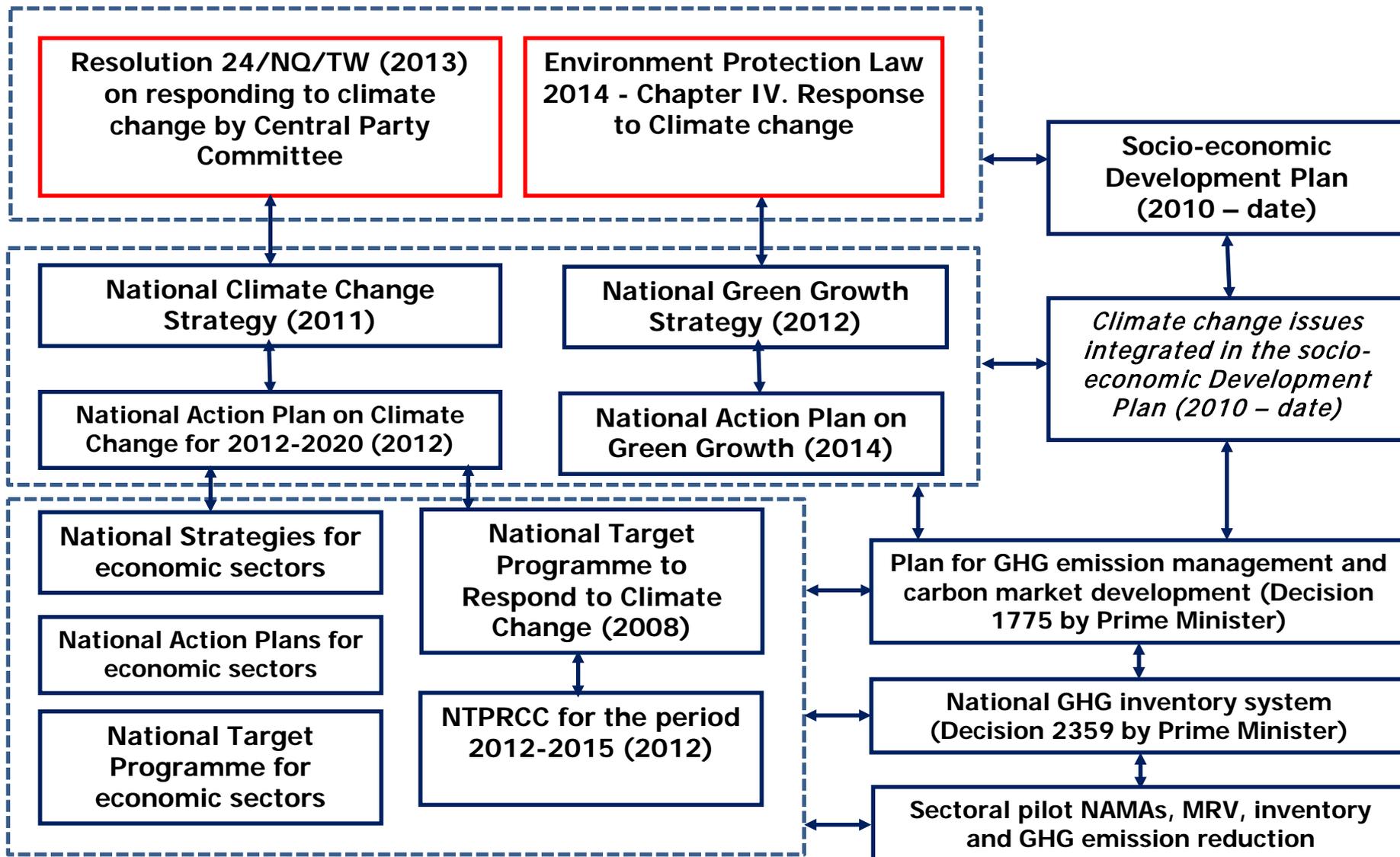


Capacity Building for Climate Actions in Vietnam

Sharing Capacity Building Experiences on Climate Actions in ASEAN



Climate change policy evolution in Vietnam





Identify problems and limitations



Institution and administrative

- Limited enforcement
- Unclear state management targets
- Ineffective coordination and responsiveness
- Accountability
- Allocation of human resources
- Complicated / Overlapping responsibilities

Technical aspects

- Both mitigation and adaptation
- Management of services and infrastructure
- Limited outreach
- Financial support, management and accounting practice



Approaches



Definition

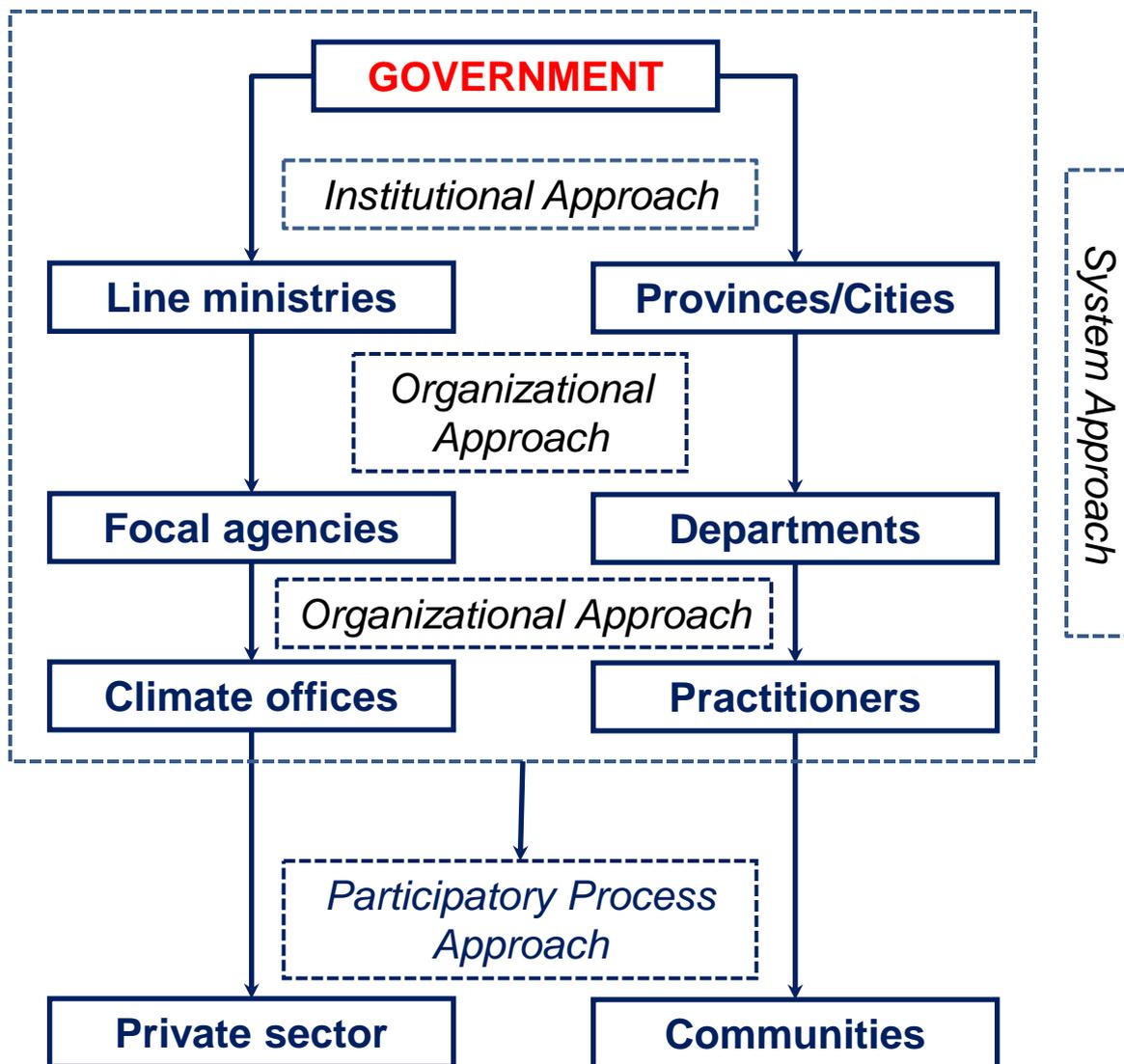
- *“Capacity building is the ability of individuals, groups, institutions and organizations to identify and solve development problems over time.”*(Morgan, 1996)

Approach

- *Institutional Approach*: deal with the issues which underlie most development problems such as norms, cultural values, incentive systems and beliefs
- *Organizational Approach*: entity, organization or even set of organizations as the key to development, change individual and system capacities into organizational results
- *Systems Approach*: multidimensional idea, comprehensive, flexible, and emphasizes linkages between elements/stakeholders;
- *Participatory Process Approach*: narrowly defined scope that clarifies what is included and excluded, i.e., development activity should be participatory



Results





Remaining needs



1. Identifying opportunities derived from international initiatives;
2. Encouraging an early involvement of all relevant actors;
3. Improving ownership and commitment ;
4. Needs assessments to become a common feature;
5. Improving attention to national, regional and provincial context;
6. Including a combination of modalities of intervention;
7. Facilitating formal or informal linkages and networks;
8. Ensuring a medium to long-term horizon for capacity building interventions;
9. Supporting national / provincial actors to internalize changes;
10. Advocating for national stable/strategic allocations of resources;
11. Empowering a more active role at local level;
12. Monitoring the impacts.



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Thank you!